

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE to the states Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS (O. B) 1450 Alexadria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/749,692	12/29/2003	Arieh Don	07072-159001	2149
26161 7590 01/16/2007 FISH & RICHARDSON PC P.O. BOX 1022 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			EXAMINER	
			ROSE, HELENE ROBERTA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2163	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 01/16/2007		PAF	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Amiliantian Na	Applicant(a)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	10/749,692	DON ET AL.				
·	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Helene Rose	2163				
Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 No	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 November 2006.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 29 December 2003 is/an Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	re: a) \square accepted or b) \square objected or by accepted or by abject of drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2163

Detailed Action

1. In response to communication entered on 10/30/2006, Claims 1-17 are pending. No claims were added, nor cancelled.

2. Applicants arguments with respect to claims 1-17 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Drawings

3. In view of the objection made to the drawings because the newly submitted drawings, that were submitted on November 17, 2004 did not disclose Figure 2 as disclosed within the specification on page 4.

Examiner <u>withdraws</u> the pending objection due to applicant's submission of Figure 2 to overcome the objection.

Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kedem et al. (US Patent No. 6,363,385, Filing Date of Patent: June 29, 2002, hereinafter Kedem).

Art Unit: 2163

The applied reference has a common assignee (EMC Corporation) with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Claims 1 and 16:

Regarding Claims 1 and 16 discloses a method/computer readable medium utilizing the same functionality, wherein <u>Kedem</u> teaches a method/computer readable medium having thereon software for processing a request from a host to write a database record to a target location on a logical device associated with a data-storage system in data communication with the host, the software comprising instructions that when executed, cause a computer to:

maintain, at the data storage system, information identifying extents of the logical device that are designated for storage of database records (column 4, lines 17-21, wherein the requesting host application achieves this result by issuing a special copy command that identifies a file in a source device such as the file 36 and destination for that file such as the storage location in the DEST A device, Kedem); and

on the basis of the information, determine whether the target location is one on which a database record is permitted to be stored (column 4, lines 50-59, wherein an individual write pending slot such as a write pending slot includes a header, wherein an individual write pending slot such as a write pending slot includes a header followed by the data in a data block, wherein this data block will contain the data for one physical track, each header includes a WP flag that indicates a need for write operations or destination of data from one of the write pending slots to some location in a physical

Art Unit: 2163

disk device, wherein once the data is transferred from the cache memory to a corresponding data storage device such as a source device the system clear the WP bit for that slot, Kedem).

Claim 2:

Regarding Claim 2, Kedem teaches wherein maintaining information identifying extents comprises maintaining an extent table having extent table entries identifying properties associated with the extent (columns 4, lines 62-67 and lines 1-11, wherein the device headers includes on entry for each logical device in the Symmetric DASD, wherein three such entries are shown, entry 47 for the device, entry 48, for the device 33, and entry 50 for the device 35m wherein each of the entries has the same organization, wherein the device entry 47 includes a header and a plurality of entries for each cylinder in the device 31 and so forth, see Figure 2, all features, wherein the table and properties are illustrated, Kedem).

Claim 3:

Regarding Claim 3, Kedem teaches wherein selecting the properties to include information identifying a set of data verification steps to be carried out when data is written into the extent (column 7, lines 42-55, wherein a password entry 104 enables a host source or destination device to verify requests, wherein a TOD field 105 contains the time at which the extents track was formed, wherein this information is available for use by a host application and a field 106 identifies a first extent that is always 0 to indicate the first record in a track and a last extent entry 107 identifies the last used extent relative to the extent in the first extent entry 106 and column 8, lines 41-44, wherein such verification might include determining that the first address is a valid address and is the same address as might be recorded in the device header, particularly the device starting location 114 in FIG. 3 and wherein any of a number of other tests may also be performed to verify the context and content of the system call, Kedem)

Page 5

Claim 4:

Regarding Claim 4, Kedem teaches wherein identifying the logical device to be a logical device on which database records are to be written (column 10, lines 45-50, wherein identifying the single track being written from the source host application, wherein the copy program shown in Figure 8, responds by writing that single track form the source device to the destination device, Kedem).

Claim 5:

Regarding Claim 5, Kedem teaches wherein identifying a set of data verification steps to be carried out in connection with writing data to an extent (column 9, lines 22-30, wherein extents track is set to be write pending, and so forth, Kedem).

Claim 6:

Regarding Claim 6, Kedem teaches carrying out the data verification steps (column 8, lines 45-58, wherein assuming verification control passes, Kedem).

Claim 7:

Regarding Claim 7, Kedem teaches wherein determining whether the target location is one on which a database record is permitted to be stored <u>comprises</u> determining that the target location is contained completely within an extent (column 9, lines 17-20, wherein once all information has been transferred to the track ID tables associated with the destination device the protection bits in the session column are set for each track on the entire extent for the source device, Kedem).

Claim 8:

Regarding Claim 8, Kedem teaches wherein determining whether the target location is one on which a database record is permitted to be stored comprises determining that the target location is contained completely within one or more extents, all of which share the same data verification

Art Unit: 2163

steps (Figure 6, all features, and column 8, lines 37-47, wherein the host adapter in the data storage facility such as the host adapter receives an establish extents system call, the destination device controller such as the destination device controller receives the system call and verifies various parameters and column 11, lines 34-37, wherein initially the host adapter uses the same process shown in Figure 6, diagrams 123-126, and sends the request record to the destination device adapter, Kedem).

Claims 9 and 17:

Regarding Claims 9 and 17, Kedem teaches a method/computer readable medium having encoded thereon software for processing an I/O request to access a storage device having a plurality of extents defined thereon, each of the extents having a corresponding set of processing instructions associated therewith, the software including instructions that, when executed, cause a computer to:

receive an I/O request having an associated target location on the storage device (column 8, lines 39-40, wherein receives the system call and verifies various parameters, Kedem);

identify an extent set associated with the target location (Figure 7, diagram 138, Kedem), the extent set having at least one extent (column 7, lines 60-67, wherein extents track includes one or more extent buffers such as the extents buffer and in the destination A device includes only one extents buffer is included in the extent track, Kedem);

determine that the processing instructions associated with all of the extents within the extent set can be executed (column 7, lines 22-27, wherein the process can be repeated during a given session, Kedem).

executing the I/O transaction (column 8, lines 29-30, wherein may or may not generate an I/O request, Kedem); and

Application/Control Number: 10/749,692

Art Unit: 2163

execute processing instructions consistent with the extent set associated with the target location (column 8 lines 65-67, Kedem).

Claim 10:

Regarding Claim 10, Kedem teaches wherein receiving an I/O request comprises receiving a write request (Figure 9, diagram 170, wherein receive the write request from the source application, Kedem).

<u>Claim 11:</u>

Regarding Claim 11, Kedem teaches selecting the processing instructions to be instructions for verifying that the writing of the data to the target location was carried out successfully (Figure 11, diagram 211, wherein it determines if the process is complete, Kedem).

Claim 12:

Regarding Claim 12, Kedem teaches wherein determining that the processing instructions associated with all of the extents within the extent set can be executed comprises determining that none of the extents associated with the target location overlap with each other (column 12, lines 42-45, wherein the establish of the extents track will again produce a single extents track because both the files are in non-overlapping locations in the same source device, Kedem).

<u>Claim 13</u>:

Regarding Claim 13, Kedem teaches wherein determining that the processing instructions associated with all of the extents within the extent set can be executed comprises determining that the target location includes overlapping extents, and that the processing instructions associated with the overlapping extents are compatible (column 13, lines 3-11, Kedem).

<u>Claim 14</u>:

Regarding Claim 14, Kedem teaches a data-storage system comprising:

Art Unit: 2163

a logical device having a plurality of extents defined thereon (column 3, lines 59-65, wherein logical volume may comprise a portion of a single physical device, complete physical device, portions of multiple physical devices or even multiple complete physical devices, Kedem), each of the extents having a corresponding set of processing instructions associated therewith (column 8, lines 62-67, wherein selects and locks the corresponding extents track in step so that no additional changes may be made so that extents track, wherein for each track in the destination device step performs a number of functions, Kedem); and

information identifying each extent on the logical device and the processing instructions associated with that extent (column 9, lines 43-50, wherein source device controller reads the extents track such as the extents track, wherein uses the data from the extents track to obtain the location of the initial destination track and identifies the destination device so the two items specifically located the first destination track with the data storage facility and lines 54-55, wherein the test determines whether it is necessary to copy a specific track from the source destination, Kedem).

Claim 15: ·

Regarding Claim 15, Kedem teaches wherein the information identifying each extent comprises an extent table having an extent table entry corresponding to an extent on the logical device (column 9, lines 17-20, wherein once all the information has been transferred to the track ID tables associated with the destination device, the protection bits in the session column are set for each track on the entire extent for the source device, Kedem).

EXAMINER RESPONSE TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS

6. Applicant argues Kedem, fails to teach claim 1's limitation of:

"maintaining, at the data storage system, information identifying extents of the logical device that are designated for storage of database record".

Examiner is not persuaded. Referring to column 6, lines 19-23, wherein if the file SMMF command identifies the file, the copy program will transfer from the two non-contiguous sites in the source device to the contiguous track locations in the DEST B device, wherein logical device is interpreted to be one or more physical device slices that the operating system treats as a single device, which is interpreted to be the DEST B device, wherein "contiguous", is interpreted to be placed adjacently; one after another, and wherein this is interpreted and equivalent to "information identifying extents of the logical device that are designated for storage of database record"; and column 4, lines 7-10, wherein the logical volume 31 is a source and so is termed a source device 31 while the logical volumes 33 and 35 are destinations and are termed a DEST A device 33 and DEST B device 35, which is interpreted to be "maintaining, at the data storage system, information identifying extents of the logical device that are designated for storage of database record".

7. Applicant argues Kedem, fails to claims 1's limitation of:

"determining whether a target location is one on which a database record is permitted to be stored".

Examiner is not persuaded. Referring to column 4, lines 11-20, wherein a requesting host application could determine a need to make a copy of that file at the storage locations in the DEST A device for use by the HOST APP B application, and wherein the requesting host application achieves this result by issuing a special copy command that identifies a file in a source device, such

as the file and a destination for that file, which is interpreted to be a "target location and database record is interpreted to be the file" such as the storage location in the DEST A device; column 4, lines 7-10, wherein the logical volume 31 is a source and so is termed a source device 31 while the logical volumes 33 and 35 are destinations and are termed a DEST A device 33 and DEST B device 35, which is interpreted to be a "logical device"; and column 5, lines 40-43, wherein a copy program that operates independently of the host processor, and wherein in response to a command with a particular data structure, in which a data structure is interpreted and defined to be a "description of the way in which information is organized within a database", and wherein an "database record" is interpreted to be a description of a single item as stored in a database, wherein this is interpreted and equivalent to "determining whether a target location is one on which a database record is permitted to be stored".

8. Applicant argues Kedem, fails to teach claim 14's limitation of:

"a logical device having a plurality of extents defined thereon, each of the extents having a corresponding set of processing instructions associated therewith"; and

Examiner is not persuaded. Referring to "a logical device having a plurality of extents defined thereon", see column 3, lines 59-65, wherein a logical volume may comprise a portion of a single physical device, a complete physical device, portions of multiple physical devices or even multiple complete physical devices, wherein such logical devises may also contain discrete data sets or files, which is interpreted to be "logical device having a plurality of extents".

Referring to "each of the extents having a corresponding set of processing instructions associated therewith"; see column 7, lines 46-52, wherein A field identifies a first extent that is always 0 to indicate the first record in a track in one embodiment and a last extent entry identifies

Art Unit: 2163

the last used extent relative to the extent in the first extent entry and a PB offset vector entry

contains a number of entries that identify the first and last extent elements or buffers for a particular session, which is interpreted to be "extents having a corresponding set of processing instructions".

9. Applicant argues Kedem, fails to teach claim 14's limitation of:

"information identifying each extent on the logical device and the processing instructions associated with the extent".

Examiner is not persuaded. Referring to column 7, lines 19-34, wherein the requesting host application reads the extents track, such as each extents track assigned to this particular session, which is interpreted to be the "information identifying each extent on the logical device", in which the host application is interpreted to be an application running remotely on a host, wherein a host is a PC or other computer connected to device, in which the device is interpreted to be the logical device, wherein a logical device is defined to be one or more physical device slices that the operating system treats as a single device, and wherein the process can be repeated during a given session, wherein it performs various house keeping operations such as adding any new extents required by the new command or eliminating any as previously defined extents that are no longer valid., in which this is interpreted to be the "processing instructions associated with the extents", and wherein the requesting host application resorts the extents list, wherein the extents list includes addresses in a the cylinder block head format as a store field, and wherein the list us order by cylinder and by track for the most efficient transfer of data with a minimal requirements for seek operations, and wherein then builds extents track according to the structure.

Applicant argues Kedem, fails to teach every limitation of claim 9, the limitation of: 10.

"executing processing instructions consistent with the extent set associated with the target location".

Examiner is not persuaded. Referring to column 9, lines 43-50 wherein the source device controller reads the extent track such as the extents track uses the data from the extents track to obtain the location of the initial destination track, which is interpreted to be "executing processing instructions", and identifies the destination device so these two items specifically locate the first destination track within the data storage facility, wherein "two items" is interpreted to be the set, and wherein initial destination is interpreted to be the "target location".

Applicant argues prior art fails to teach the limitation, "a corresponding set of processing 11. instructions associated therewith", cited on page 10, within applicant remarks.

Examiner stated column 9, lines 43-50, in office action mailed out on 6/29/2006, wherein source device controller reads the extents track such as the extents track, wherein uses the data from the extents track to obtain the location of the initial destination track and identifies the destination device so the two items specifically located the first destination track with the data storage facility and lines 54-55, wherein the test determines whether it is necessary to copy a specific track from the source destination.

Applicant states (in regards to number 11 above) and request:

The foregoing text merely describes setting and clearing locks. A track's lock is not a 'set of processing instructions associated" with that track and Applicant request that the Examiner

Art Unit: 2163

specifically identify processing instructions lock is believed to be associated with and to quote verbatim wherein Kedam teaches this association, cited on page 11 of applicants remarks.

Examiner Response:

Examiner is not persuaded in regards to applicant's remarks. However, Referring to column 9, lines 43-50 wherein the source device controller reads the extent track such as the extents track uses the data from the extents track to obtain the location of the initial destination track, which is interpreted to be "executing processing instructions", and identifies the destination device so these two items specifically locate the first destination track within the data storage facility, wherein "two items" is interpreted to be the set.

Also, Referring to "a corresponding set of processing instructions associated therewith"; see column 7, lines 46-52, wherein A field identifies a first extent that is always 0 to indicate the first record in a track in one embodiment and a last extent entry identifies the last used extent relative to the extent in the first extent entry and a PB offset vector entry contains a number of entries that identify the first and last extent elements or buffers for a particular session, which is interpreted to be "a corresponding set of processing instructions".

12. Applicant states and request:

Claim 6, recites the additional limitation of actually "carrying out the data verification steps", cited on page 15, within applicants remarks.

Examiner stated this claim limitation is taught by column 8, lines 45-58, in office action mailed out on 6/29/2006, wherein applicant's argues this text has nothing to do with either updating the CRC field or setting write-pending flags as discussed by the text cited in connection with claim 5.

Applicant states (in regards to number 12 above), hence it is <u>unclear how this can teach</u> the actual execution alleged "data verification steps" identified in the passage cited in connection with claim 5.

Examiner is not persuaded. Referring to column 8, lines 40-58, "wherein verifies various parameters, and such verification might include determining that the first address is a valid address an is the same address recorded in the device header, and wherein any number of test may also be performed to verify the context and content of the system call, wherein assuming that the verification control passes", is interpreted to be the "data verification steps", wherein a number of test is also performed, which is interpreted and equivalent to 'data verification steps"

13. Applicant states and request:

Claim 7, recite the additional limitation of "determining that the target location is contained completely within an extent", cited on pages 15 and 17, within applicants remarks

Examiner stated "column 9, lines 17-20, wherein once all information has been transferred to the track ID tables associated with the destination device the protection bits in the session column are set for each track on the entire extent for the source device, within the office action mailed out on 6/29/2006.

Art Unit: 2163

Applicant states (in regards to number 13 above) this passage refers to an extent on the source device and not on the target device.

Examiner is not persuaded. Referring to column 9, lines 17-20, wherein once all information has been transferred to the track ID tables associated with the destination device the protection bits in the session column are set for each track on the entire extent for the source device, wherein the protection bits in the session column are set, in which this ensures that the information is contained.

Referring to column 8, lines 54-58, wherein the request record has the data structure which includes the source device number in block or field, the record number of the starting extent in block or field, and the record number of the ending extent in block or field, which is equivalent and interpreted to be "target location" contained completely within an extent.

Art Unit: 2163

Prior Art of Record

(The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure)

1. Kedem et al. (US Patent No. 6,363,385) discloses a method for copying a data file from a source device to a destination device.

- 2. Lee et al. (US Patent No. 6,564,219) discloses a method and apparatus for obtaining an identifier of a logical unit of data that belongs to a database.
- 3. Bromley et al. (US Patent No. 6,772,290) discloses systems, methods, apparatus and software can utilize an indirect write driver to prevent possible error conditions associated with using a third-party copy operation directed at a storage resource

Art Unit: 2163

Point of Contact

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Helene Rose whose telephone number is (571) 272-0749. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am - 4:30pm Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Don Wong can be reached on (571) 272-1834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

HRR Technology Center 2100 January 3, 2007

PRIMARY EXAMINER